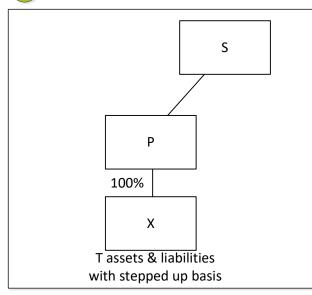
## Treas. Reg. § 1.338(h)(10)-1(e), Example 13

## Stock Acquisition Merger Followed By Brother-Sister Merger With 338(h)(10) Election



**Initial Structure Stock Acquisition Merger Brother-Sister Merger** S Р Ρ S S (Acquiror) 50% P voting stock 100% 100% 100% Ρ & 50% cash 100% Χ Χ (Transitory) (Target) (Target) Χ Т (Transitory) Merge (Acquiror) Merge (Target) **Newly Formed** 

## 4 Ending Point



(i) P owns all the stock of Y, a newly formed subsidiary. S owns all the stock of T. Each of P, S, T and Y is a domestic corporation. P acquires all of the T stock in a statutory merger of Y into T, with T surviving. In the merger, S receives consideration consisting of 50% P voting stock and 50% cash. Viewed independently of any other step, P's acquisition of T stock constitutes a qualified stock purchase. As part of the plan that includes P's acquisition of the T stock, T subsequently merges into P. Viewed independently of any other step, T's merger into P qualifies as a liquidation described in section 332. Absent the application of paragraph (c)(2) of this section, the step transaction doctrine would apply to treat P's acquisition of the T stock and T's merger into P as an acquisition by P of T's assets in a reorganization described in section 368(a). P and S make a section 338(h)(10) election with respect to P's purchase of the T stock.

Following P's acquisition of the T stock, T merges into X, a domestic corporation that is a wholly owned subsidiary of P. Viewed independently of any other step, T's merger into X qualifies as a reorganization described in section 368(a). Absent the application of paragraph (c)(2) of this section, the step transaction doctrine would apply to treat P's acquisition of the T stock and T's merger into X as an acquisition by X of T's assets in a reorganization described in section 368(a).

(ii) Pursuant to paragraph (c)(2) of this section, as a result of the election under section 338(h)(10), for all Federal tax purposes, P's acquisition of T stock is treated as a qualified stock purchase and P's acquisition of T stock is not treated as part of a reorganization described in section 368(a).